

Templates and resources

to support gender impact assessments





This toolkit was developed by **The Equality Institute** (EQI) in close consultation with the **Commission for Gender Equality in the Public Sector**. A previous iteration of the toolkit was developed by EQI and PricewaterhouseCoopers Consulting (Australia) Pty Ltd (PwC) and piloted in seven areas across the Victorian Public Service, seven public entities, ten local councils, and a university.

The use of inclusive language in this document

When this document refers to 'woman/ women' or 'man/men' it refers to female or male identifying people; this includes transgender people, cisgender people, and others who identify themselves within the spectrum of the gender identity of woman or man. This document also uses the term 'gender diverse people', who may identify as non-binary, trans, agender, genderqueer, genderfluid or with any other term.

For more information see the <u>Victorian</u> Government Inclusive Language Guide.

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How to use these supporting templates and resources

These templates are designed to support your work in Section 3 of the **Gender impact assessment toolkit** ('the toolkit').

There is a template aligned to each of the 4 steps involved in conducting a gender impact assessment. Each template provides a useful record for reporting and can assist with demonstrating your compliance with the Gender Equality Act.

These templates are also available to download on the **Commission for Gender Equality in the Public Sector** website.



You will see this icon in the toolkit where it is suggested you should use these templates.

In this resource, you will also find a list of open-source Victorian and Australian research and data on gender, by different indicators, including workforce participation, education, health, and violence against women. This is designed to support your work in Section 3 of the toolkit to understand your policy context (Step 2).



A

This template is designed to support your analysis for Step 1 of the gender impact assessment process. You can read more on pages 18 to 20 of the toolkit.

What is the issue the policy, program or service is aiming to address:

See page 18 of the toolkit. Think about why is this policy, program or service needed?

B Key questions

More information needed?

See page 19 of the toolkit – summarise the key points of your discussion for each question. Remember this is an opportunity to critically analyse the issue. If you feel you need more information to answer the question, tick the box and you can come back to this in Step 2.

1. Are the people who are targeted and impacted by the policy, program or service included in the decision-making?

2. Do you think that people of different genders access this policy, program or service at the same rate?



More information needed?				
3. Do you think that everyone who accesses this policy, program or service has the same needs from it?				
What will you focus on in your assessment so that you consider how gender shapes the issue?				



This template is designed to support Step 2 in the gender impact assessment process and should be used in conjunction with pages 22 to 28 of the toolkit.



What did the research and evidence tell you?

Make sure to reference the sources you used. List the key points below or include a link to a document summarising the evidence.

Have you consulted with affected stakeholders on this aspect?

This could be formal or informal consultation.

Yes No

If yes, please give details. If no, please explain why not.



2 What information is available to understand the lived experiences of the diverse groups who will be affected?

List available information.

Do you already have this information?	How will you find the further information you need?
Yes No If yes, list sources:	Internal data List useful sources: Desktop research Stakeholder consultations
	Other:

What did the research and evidence tell you?

Make sure to reference the sources you used. List the key points below or include a link to a document summarising the evidence.

Have you consulted with affected stakeholders on this aspect?

This could be formal or informal consultation.

Yes No

If yes, please give details. If no, please explain why not.



³ How is this policy, program or service likely to have different impacts for different people?

List available information.

Do you already have this information?	How will you find the further information you need?
Yes No If yes, list sources:	Internal data List useful sources: Desktop research Stakeholder
	consultations Other:

What did the research and evidence tell you?

Make sure to reference the sources you used. List the key points below or include a link to a document summarising the evidence.

Have you consulted with affected stakeholders on this aspect?

This could be formal or informal consultation.

Yes No

If yes, please give details. If no, please explain why not.





Template 3 Options analysis

This template is designed to be used in conjunction with pages 30 to 33 of the toolkit to support you to undertake an options analysis to consider the gendered benefits and costs and overall gendered impact of your proposed policy, service or program design. This step pulls together all the analysis you have undertaken in Steps 1 and 2. There is an example at page 33 of the toolkit which may assist in completing this template.

A Proposed Option 1

For each option describe the proposed policy solution, or design of the program or service you are working on. See page 30 for what you should include.

B Gendered costs and benefits

Use your analysis in Steps 1 and 2 to identify the potential benefits and costs of your proposed policy, program or service. See page 31 for some guiding questions.

Benefits

Costs & risks

C Overall gender impact

Assess the overall gender impact. Do the benefits outweigh the costs or vice versa? Figure 6 on page 32 provides some examples of negative and positive outcomes. See also the examples on page 33.



A Proposed Option 2

For each option describe the proposed policy solution, or design of the program or service you are working on. See page 30 for what you should include.

B Gendered costs and benefits

Use your analysis in Steps 1 and 2 to identify the potential benefits and costs of your proposed policy, program or service. See page 31 for some guiding questions.

Benefits

Costs & risks

C Overall gender impact

Assess the overall gender impact. Do the benefits outweigh the costs or vice versa? Figure 6 on page 32 provides some examples of negative and positive outcomes. See also the examples on page 33.



The final step in the gender impact assessment process is to make a final recommendation based on your analysis. Provide a rationale for the proposed recommendation and include any mitigation strategies that could be used to avoid any harmful unintended outcomes.

Recommendation

See page 34 of the toolkit for an example of a recommendation.

Description

Include here the rationale for your recommendation as well as any mitigation strategies needed. In line with the Gender Equality Act, explain how your recommendation meets the needs of persons of different genders; addresses gender inequality; and promotes gender equality.



Open-source gender data and research

This table provides data to support your analysis and understanding of the policy context (Step 2 in the toolkit). It contains both Victorian and National data sources.

Sector	Victorian Statistics	🗘 National Statistics
 Working population Labour force Employment conditions Underutilised labour Not in the labour force 	Victoria Community Profile: Victoria employment status Victoria's Gender Equality Baseline Report - Domain 1: Victorians live free from gendered norms, stereotypes and expectations	Australian Bureau of Statistics (ABS): Gender Indicators, Australia Australian Human Rights Commission: Supporting Working Parents: Pregnancy and Return to Work National Review – Report Australian Public Service Commission: Employment by Gender Department of Jobs & Small Businesses: Employment by Occupation & Gender Parliament of Australia: Employment by industry statistics Workplace Gender Equality Agency: • Gender pay gap statistics • Gender workplace statistics at a glance • Higher education enrolment and graduate labour market statistics • Australia's gender equality scorecard (2018/9) • Australia's gender equality scorecard (2017/18)
 Earnings, income & economic situation & housing Earnings Main source of income at retirement Superannuation Economic resources Financial stress Housing circumstances 	Homelessness Australia: <u>Homelessness in Victoria</u> Victoria's Gender Equality Baseline Report - <u>Domain 3: Victorians have equal</u> access to economic and material security	Equality Rights Alliance: <u>Housing</u> Gender wage gap statistics: <u>a quick guide</u> Gender Wage Gap: <u>Wage Developments in</u> <u>Australia</u> Monash University & Australian Super, The Future Face of Poverty is Female, Stories Behind Australian Women's Superannuation Poverty in Retirement National Foundation for Australian Women: <u>Housing</u> Unsettled: <u>Life in Australia's private rental market</u> The Association of Superannuation Funds of Australia: <u>Superannuation account balances by</u> age and gender
Education Attainment • Year 12 or a formal qualification at Certificate II or above • Non-school qualification • Literacy and numeracy skills	Education Victoria: <u>Summary Statistics</u> for Victorian Schools 2020 Student cohort groups: per cent achieving national minimum standard 2019 Education Victoria: <u>Teaching Supply and</u> <u>Demand Report 2018</u> Senior Secondary Certificate: <u>Statistical Information 2019</u>	ABS: Gender Indicators Education Data 2019

Sector	Victorian Statistics	🗘 National Statistics
 Participation and education & employment Participation and retention Participation in a non- school qualification Work related learning Not fully engaged in education and/ or employment Starting salaries 	Government school student attendance rates by: <u>sex, indigenous status and year</u> <u>level, 2018</u>	ABS: <u>Education and work</u> Australia Institute of Health and Welfare: <u>School retention and completion, 2019</u>
 Risk factors and service Consumption of alcohol Smoking Overweight/obesity Levels of exercise Medicare services 	<u>Victorian Population Health Survey (2017)</u>	Australian Institute of Health and Welfare: <u>How do Australian females access care</u> Australian Institute of Health and Welfare: <u>Lifestyle and risk factors</u>
Work and family balance Time use Providing care Time stress and work and family balance Overall life satisfaction Volunteering	Volunteering: <u>Victoria</u>	ABS: <u>Caring in the community</u>
Safety and justice, crime • Experiences of crime • Victimisation rates • Imprisonment rates • Offender rates	Prison Population 2005-2016: <u>Victoria</u> Sentencing Advisory Council: <u>Gender Differences in Sentencing</u> <u>Outcomes 2010</u>	ABS: <u>Personal Safety survey (2017)</u> National Community Attitudes Survey (NCAS): <u>2017 key findings</u> Our Watch: <u>Understanding Violence, Facts</u> <u>and Figures</u>
 Health status Life expectancies Long-term health conditions Living with a disability Psychological stress Mental health 	Life Expectancy: <u>Victoria</u> <u>Victoria's mothers, babies and children</u> Victoria's Gender Equality Baseline Report - <u>Domain 2: Victorians are</u> <u>empowered, healthy and safe</u>	Australian Institute of Health and Welfare, <u>Life expectancy</u> Australian Institute of Health and Welfare: <u>The Health of Australia's Females</u> Australian Institute of Health and Welfare: <u>Mothers. Babies and Children</u>
 Deaths Death rates Deaths from cancer Death rates from diseases of the circulatory system Suicides Drug induced deaths Perinatal deaths 	Births, Deaths & Marriages: <u>Victoria</u> Cancer in Victoria, <u>Statistics and Trends 2016</u> Transport Accident Commission: <u>Road deaths</u>	Australian Institute of Health and Welfare: Deaths in Australia 2018



